PRODUCT: HYDROCHLORIC ACID 34 - 36% (HCL3436) REVISION: 5 DATED: 07/07/14 PAGE 1 OF 7

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION		
Product Name	Hydrochloric Acid 34 – 36%	
Product Grade	Synthesis Grade	
Specification Reference	99HA360PG01 (03/14/0046920)	

SALES SPECIFICATION

Property	Units	Specification	
Hydrochloric Acid	HCL % w/w	34.0 – 36.6%	
Density @ 20°C	kg/litre	1.169 – 1.182	
Properties for 35% HCL			Typical Analysis
Appearance		Clear, colourless to pale straw solution, fuming	
Colour	Hazen	<35	<10
Residue on Evaporation	% by weight	<0.1	< 0.01
Sulphate	H ₂ SO ₄ mg/kg	<10	<5
Iron	Fe mg/kg	<5	0.4
Oxidising Substances*	as Cl ₂ mg/kg	<10	<5
Lead*	Pb mg/kg	<1	< 0.1
Arsenic*	As mg/kg	<1	< 0.1
Mercury*	Hg mg/kg	<0.1	< 0.02
Cadmium*	Cd mg/kg	<0.1	< 0.01

Comments

Further information

Methods of test can be found in BS 3993 and BS EN 939:2009

This product meets the chemical purity requirements of BS EN 939:2009 Chemicals used for the treatment of water intended for human consumption – Hydrochloric Acid and of European Approved Additive E507 Hydrochloric Acid

NOTES

Exclusion of Liability

Information contained in this publication is accurate to the best of the knowledge and belief of Tennants.

Any information or advice obtained from Tennants otherwise than by means of this publication and whether relating to Tennants materials or other materials, is also given in good faith. However, it remains at all times the responsibility of the customer to ensure that Tennants materials are suitable for the particular purpose intended.

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Health and Safety

A Material Safety Data Sheet has been issued describing the health, safety and environmental properties of this product, identifying the potential hazards and giving advice on the handling precautions and emergency procedures. This must be consulted fully before handling, storage and use.

^{*}Reduced pro-rata on dilution

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY

1.1 Product Identifier

GHS Product Identifier HYDROCHLORIC ACID, CONCENTRATED (>25% Solution)

EC Index No. 017-002-01-X

Alternative Names Aqueous hydrogen chloride, 25/36% Hydrochloric acid, Muriatic acid,

Hydrochloric acid solution

REACH Registration Number 01-2119484862-27-XXXX

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Chemical intermediate, washing and cleaning agent, pH regulating agent, laboratory chemical

Uses advised against None

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Tennants Distribution Limited

Hazelbottom Road

Cheetham Manchester M8 0GR

Tel: 44(0)161 205 4454 Fax:44(0) 161 203 4298

Email: msds@tennantsdistribution.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Tel: 44(0)844 335 0001(24 hours)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Corr. 1B STOT SE 3 Met. Corr. 1

EEC Directive 67/548 and subsequent amendments. Directive 1999/45/CE and its amendments

C, R34: Causes burns

Xi, R37: Irritating to respiratory system

2.2 Label elements

Hazard Statements H314: Causes severe burns and eye damage

H335: May cause respiratory irritation H290: May be corrosive to metals

Signal Word(s) DANGER





Hazard Pictogram(s)

Precautionary Statement(s)

P260: Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P 304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P309 + P311: If exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician

Additional label requirements: None

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3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

- IIIDKO	CHLORIC A	CID				
CAS Number	EINECS Number	REACH registration number	ECC Index Number	Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC	Classification according to Regulation 1272/2008	Content % (w/w)
007647-01-0	231-595-7	01-2119484862-27- XXXX	017-002-01-X	C, R34 Xi, R37	H290, H314, H335	>25%

See section 16 for the full text of the R, H- and EUH-phrases declared above

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in section 8

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove patient from exposure, keep warm and at rest. Administer oxygen if necessary. Apply artificial respiration if breathing has ceased or shows signs of failing. During resuscitation, care must be taken to avoid contamination by the substance from the patient

Skin contact

SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Drench with large quantities of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Continue to wash the affected area for at least 10 minutes

Eye contact

SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Immediately irrigate with eyewash solution or clean water, holding the eyelids apart, for at least 15 minutes

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water and give at least 200 – 300 ml (half a pint) of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting

4.2 Most import symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns to skin, eyes, respiratory system and gastro-intestinal tract. May cause respiratory irritation

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Mist or vapour will cause irritation to the upper respiratory tract, coughing and choking sensation. Concentrations of 50 – 100 ppm are barely tolerated for up to 1 hour. Higher concentrations may cause corrosion of the respiratory tract

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media As appropriate to the surrounding fire. Water spray should be used to cool

containers

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media As appropriate for surrounding fire

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible. Containers may burst if overheated

Can react with most common metals to produce hydrogen which can form explosive mixtures with air

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

A self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing must be worn in fire conditions

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure full personal protection (including respiratory protection) during removal of spillages

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent liquid from enter sewers, basements and any watercourses

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spillages

Small spillages: Neutralise small spillages 2with decontaminant. Wash the spillage area with water

Large spillages: Neutralise with lime or soda ash before disposal

6.4 Reference to other sections

See also Section 13

6.5 Additional Information

Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the Environment Agency or other appropriate regulatory body

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

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Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of mists/fumes. Provide adequate ventilation. Atmospheric levels must be controlled in compliance with the workplace exposure limit

Showers and eye washing equipment must be provided at handling points. Good hygiene practices and housekeeping measures

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Bulk quantities should be stored in rubber lined steel or suitable plastic equipment

Keep smaller quantities in suitable plastic or glass containers. May be corrosive to metals

Keep container in a well ventilated place

7.3 Specific end use(s)

None

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters						
Hazardous	CAS No.	LTEL 8hr	LTEL 8hr	STEL	STEL	Note:
Ingredient(s)		TWA ppm	TWA mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	
Hydrogen Chloride (gas	007647-01-0	1	2	5	8	WEL
and aerosol mists)						

DN(M)EL/PNEC DN(M)EL's

DNEL	Oral	Inhalation	Dermal
Industry – Long Term – Local effects	-	8 mg/m^3	-
Industry – Long Term – Systemic effects	-	-	-
Industry – Short Term – Local effects	-	15 mg/m^3	-
Industry – Short Term – Systemic effects	-	-	-
Consumer – Long Term – Local effects	-	-	-
Consumer – Long Term – Systemic effects	-	-	-
Consumer – Short Term – Local effects	-	-	-
Consumer – Short Term – Systemic effects	-	-	-

Predicted No Effect Concentrations (PNEC)

Aquatic Compartment (including sediment)

PNECwater (freshwater) = $36 \mu g/l$

PNECwater (marine water) = $36 \mu g/l$

PNECintermittent releases = $45 \mu g/l$

PNECsewage treatment plant = $36 \mu g/l$

PNECSTP = not applicable

PNECoral = Not applicable

Terrestrial Compartment = no information given

Atmospheric Compartment = no information given

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the occupational exposure limit is not exceeded. Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit

Respiratory protection

Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment if exposure to levels above the occupational exposure limit is likely. Where a cartridge/canister respirator is suitable use: Type E (EN 141). Check with protective equipment manufacturer's data

Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves

Gloves material

Neoprene gloves

Eve protection

Wear close fitting goggles or full face shield

Skin protection

Goggles or full face shield, acid resistant gloves and footwear are essential.

The following materials are suitable for protective gloves: Polychloroprene CR (0.5 mm), Nitrile rubber (0.35 mm), Butyl rubber (0.5 mm), Fluorocarbon rubber (0.4 mm), Poly (vinyl chloride) PVC (0.5 mm)

Check with protective equipment manufacturer's data

Environmental exposure controls

No further information given

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES				
9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties				
Form	Fuming liquid			
Colour	Almost colourless to pale yellow			
Odour	Characteristically pungent			
pH in water solution	No information given			
Boiling point/boiling range	56.1 (36% HCL)			
Flash point	No information given			
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information given			
Explosive properties	No information given			
Oxidising properties	No information given			
Vapour pressure	116 (36%) at 20°C			
Specific Gravity	$1.18 (36\%)$ at 15° C (Water = 1 at 4° C)			
Water solubility	Soluble			
Freezing Point	27 (36%)			
Fat solubility	No information given			
Partition Co-efficient: n-octanol/water	No information given			
Viscosity	No information given			
Vapour density	No information given			
Evaporation rate	No information given			

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Strong mineral acid. Reacts with - strong oxidising agents, alkalis

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Attacks most common metals liberating hydrogen, which can form explosive mixtures with air. Can react violently if in contact with oxidising agents, liberating chlorine. Exothermic reaction with alkalis

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Skin contact aerosol or mist formation

10.5 Incompatible materials

Attacks many metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen chloride, chlorine, hydrogen

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute Oral Toxicity

NO LD50 available

Will immediately cause corrosion of and damage to the gastrointestinal tract

Acute Inhalation Toxicity

No LD50 (4hr) available

LC50 Rat (5 min exposure to aerosol of aqueous solution) 45.6 mg/l

LC50 Rat (30 min exposure to aerosol of aqueous solution) 8.3 mg/l

Acute Dermal Toxicity

No LD50 available. The corrosive nature of the substance with predominate

Skin Irritation

Causes severe skin burns

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes severe eye damage

Respiratory irritation

Hydrochloric acid vapour/mist will cause severe irritation to the upper respiratory tract

Sensitisation

Hydrochloric acid is not a skin sensitiser

Repeated dose toxicity

Repeated exposure to hydrochloric acid causes local corrosion or irritancy (of the gastro intestinal tract, skin eyes or respiratory tract) but will have no effect on systemic toxicity. Repeated exposure may also cause erosion of the teeth and ulceration of the nasal septum and gums

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Carcinogenicity

Hydrochloric acid has been shown not to be carcinogenic in animal studies

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

On the basis of a weight of evidence approach, hydrochloric acid should not be classified as genotoxic as the majority of the relevant in-vitro and in-vivo mutagenicity studies were negative

Reproductive Toxicity

There is no evidence from animal studies that hydrochloric acid has any adverse effects on development or fertility

Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single exposure (STOT SE)

Mist or vapour will cause irritation or corrosion to the upper respiratory tract, coughing and a choking sensation

Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated exposure (STOT RE)

Not classified

Aspiration Hazard

Not an aspiration hazard

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Large discharges may contribute to the acidification of water and be fatal to fish and other aquatic life

Can cause damage to aquatic plants

Acute Aquatic Toxicity:

Fish Fresh water LC50 (96h) 20.5 mg/l

Aquatic invertebrates Fresh water EC50 (48h) (Daphnia magna) 0.45 mg/l

Algae Fresh water EC50 (72h) 0.73 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Will freely disassociate to hydrogen and chloride ions

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Hydrochloric acid does not bioaccumulate (log Kow – 2.65)

12.4 Mobility in soil

The product is predicted to have high mobility in soil

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not classified as PBT or vPvB

12.6 Other adverse effects

Can cause damage to vegetation

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not release undiluted or unneutralised to the sewer. Do not landfill unneutralised waste. Disposal of the neutralised waste at a licensed landfill site may be permissible. Consult an accredited waste disposal contractor or the authority for advice

13.2 Additional Information

Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 Road/Rail	(ADR/RID)
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UN No. 1789

Proper Shipping Name Hydrochloric Acid

ADR/RID Class 8
Packing Group II
Label 8
Tunnel Restriction Code (E)

14.2 Sea (IMDG)

UN No. 1789

Proper Shipping Name Hydrochloric Acid

IMDG Class8Packing GroupIILabel8

Marine Pollutant Not classified as Marine Pollutant

14.3 Air (ICAO/IATA)

UN No. 1789

Proper Shipping Name Hydrochloric Acid

ICAO-TI Class8Packing GroupIILabel8

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14.4 Additional Information

None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 SI 2002/2677 and COSHH Essentials: Easy steps to control chemicals – Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations HSG 193

Inventory status:

Listed in: European Union (EINECS/ELINCS) USA (TSCA) China (IESCS)j Philippines (PICCS) Australia (AICS) Canada (DSL/NDSL) Japan (ENCS) New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC) South Korea (KECl)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been completed for this substance

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Source of key data used to compile the data sheet

Legend

WEL: Workplace Exposure Limits (UK HSE EH40)

COM: The company aims to control exposure in the workplace to this limit

TLV: The company aims to control exposure in the workplace the ACGIH limit

TLV-C: The company aims to control exposure in the workplace the ACGIH Ceiling limit

MAK: The company aims to control exposure in the workplace the German limit

Sk: Can be absorbed through the skin

Sen: Capable of causing respiratory sensitisation

Bmgv: Biological monitoring guidance value (UK HSE EH40)

ILV: Indicative Limit Value (UK HSE EH40)

IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value

Key Literature References

GESTIS – database of hazardous substances

Chemical Safety Report: Hydrogen chloride 2010

Modifications from last revision

The Specification has incurred revision. The Safety Data Sheets remain the same.

Issuer: Technical Manager

Date: 07/07/14

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